The above remarks made by Mrs. George Washington Wyllys, in Life Illustrated, woke up one of the strong-minded and strong-armed women of the West-Mrs. Frances D. Gage-who writes to the

Life, sensibly and sarcastically as follows:
"Narsing poodle dogs," forsouth! There is no chance for dog-nursing out here, I. can tell you. Such things are not thought of; women of the West do their own work, and hired servants are so out of all repute, that one can not get more than a dollar a week, though they are scarce as hen's teeth. The woman here that don't do her own work, sew and wash for six, take care of two babies -one two years and the other men are ! ealthy, strong, long-lived; they don't love to be pale and headachey; they have duties and cares; can eat pork and beans, and go to meeting without gloves; take care of sick friends, and watch through long, weary nights, by the pillow of a poor neighbor.

I have known them to turn out and sew for unfortunate families, and get up sewing circles to help the widow and fatherless. They go out to take tea in good calico dresses, and it is not he fashion to keep folks waiting three-quarters of an hour before even a servant girl appears to open it to say, "not at home."

Western women go shopping, but they take the beets and turnips, chickens, choose, blackberries and raspberries, and the bite of rattlesnakes, or mad dogs in the ratio, but we do not consider them here.

August.

Taking the estimated increase of slaves into August.

Trading done, they speed homeward and out a dream of indigestion. Their children do not half die (guess you wouldn't drop with some merchant who has been dabbling in stocks, to help some New York lady's husband out of a fix. "New York ladies" and "Western women" are two different species of the human.

We could find you western ladies that are not the lineal descendants of farmers, and could claim nativity, in some of the brownstone fronts, and their parentage from the snobocracy-there are plenty in prairiedom. But we dont't set any store by 'em and could spare New York or any other city a "dreadful site," if they want 'em, it takes monstrous little of the like to do us out here, and not mistake. But dear life we've not women to spare-no, not one. Each whole-souled, loving true woman-wife, mother or sister-is a treasure in the land.

The level prairies and beautiful swelling groves and lofty forests, have homes for them all. The stifled city offers no allurements. And if Mr. Tracy, or any other phylanthropist, can gather up a colony of those "poodle-dog" nurses, or money-spendies of the most serious reflection upon the current grand send them out to Egypt to help us gather in the amense crop of blackberries, strawberries and raspberries that is just tempting us out into the fields and the woods, we will promise to take the and the woods, we will promise to take the pale out of their cheeks (at least half the twenise, without any fear of a failure, to set every nerve, and bone, and muscle in motion before sides the circulation of tracts and the reading

from the top of their heads to the soles of their feet, and 'twon't help'em. The lady never strikes in; it always works for the inside out."

A BEAUTIFUL EXTRACT.—Beautiful is old age, beautiful as the slow drooping mellow Autumn of a rich, glorious Summer. In the old man, nature has fulfilled her work; she loads him with fruits of a well spent life; and surrounded by his children, she rocks him away softly to the grave; to which he is followed by blessings. God torbid that we should not call it beautiful. There is another life, hard, rough, and thorny, trodden with bleeding feet and aching brow, a battle which no peace follows this side of the grave; which the grave gaps to finish before the victory is won; and strange that it should-this is the highest life of a man. Look back along the great names of history, there is none whose life is other than this .- Westminster Review.

SAGACIOUS OLD LADY!-Says Mrs. Partinton:

It is a very good thing to have a good husband, though the chances of getting one are as uncertain as a lottery at a religious fair. Now there is Mr. Bess who is in Coliforny is a husband worth having, for when he was at home and has been muremitting ever since he has been away. There's as much difference between people, gracious me, as there is between anybody.

A shopkceper purchased of an Irish woman a quantity of butter, the lumps of which, intended for pourds, he weighed in the balance and found wanting. "Shure it's your own fault if they are light," said Biddy, in reply to the complaints of the buyer; "It's your own fault, sir, for wasn't youth. it with a pound of your own soap I bought here myself that I weighed them with?" The shopkeeper had nothing more to say on that subject.

TAKING THINGS LITERALLY .- "May it please your honor," said a lawyer, addressing one of the city judges, in New Orleans, "I brought the prisoner from jail on a habeas corpus." "Well," said a fellow in an undertone, who stood in the rear of the Court; "these lawyers will say anything; I saw the man get out of a cab at the Court door."

White and Slave Population in the fouth.

By the census of 1850, the aggregate number of slaves in the United States was 3,204,313. Of this number, 248,656 were of mixed blood, mulattoes, &c. The number of unmixed blood, blood was, therefore, 2,487,455. The free black and mulatto population was 431,595, in the following proportions: B acks, 275,400; mulattoes, 159,690. The entire white population by the same cen-

The entire white population by the same census was 19,553,068.

The aggregate was as follows: Whites, 19,553,068; Slaves, .\$,204,343; Free blacks and culored, 434,495. Total, 23,191,876.

The number of free whites by the same census was divided as follows potween the slaveholding and non-staveholding States; Non-slaveholding States, 13,330,650; Slaveholding States, 6,222,418. Total, 19,553,068.

The white population increased between 1840 and 1850 from 14,195,695 to 19,555,068—a positive increase of 5,309,273, or an average of

tive increase of 5,309,273, or an average of 37.75 per cent, on the aggregate of both sections. The ratio of increase in the non-slaveholding States was larger than it was in the slaveholding States for that census. The non-slavehold-ing increase for white population exclusively was 39.42; in the slaveholding States 34'26; a difference of about 51-3 per cent. for ten years. three months old; isn't considered much of Considering the immense influx of immigration a woman, "no how." Women work, woexcess was noted as remarkable.

At the same rate of increase the two sections

will show by the census of 1860 White inhabitants of non-slaveholding States 18,329,744; White inhabitants of slaveholding States, 8,293,593; Aggregate white population

26,623,337.
Under the new census, therefore, the proportion of the white population in the two sec tions, towards each other, will very nearly show: non-slaveholding, 69 per cent.; slavehold ing 31 per cent. The non-shaveholding States will have largely more than two-thirds of the

whole white population of the Union.

The number of slaves which go to make up the aggregate of Southern population, amount ed. as we have stated above, in 1850, to 3,204, 515. The gross Southern population was there-fore 9,526,781; and under the rule of the Federal apportionment, counting three-fitte of the slaves, these Federal numbers were 8, exchange them for blue check and stogies, that their strongbanded boys may not fear in these figures for the free blacks counted in

the calculation, the numerical power of the South will be enlarged, but the rate of increase refresh themselves by getting dinner, and eggs, with- North. The whites in both sections increase at the average rate of about thirty-seven and a half per cent. in every ten years. The slave think so if you could look inside the home at bed-time,) and their husbands don't brake up un ess they have invested the last increase the cen us of 1860 will show an addi-tion to the number of slaves in the United States of 922,742, and an aggregate slave popu lation of 4,127,055, three-fifths of which

2,476,253.
Upon these estimates the ag regate popula tion returned by the census of this year, not counting free blacks and mulattoes, will be as follows: Non-slaveholding States, 18,329,741; Slaveholding States, whites, 8,293,593; slaves 4,127,655—12,420,648; Total, 30,750,392.

The representative population will be 29,-099,570, of which the non-slaveholding States will have 18,329,744, and the slave States 10, 69,826. The proportions of politicial power, herefore, in the popular branch of Congress, between the North and the South, will be near y 63 to 37. If this increase of the slave population should

continue in the same ratio, the number within the United States in 1870 will be 5,360,000, and, discarding fractions, will be as follows, at The level prairies and beautiful swelling successive enumerations: 1880, 7,000,000; 1890, hills and valleys, with their lixurient 9,100,000; 1900, 11,800,000; 1910, 15,000,000; and having nearly quadrupled itself in fifty years, and in the life time of those who are now

born, it may reach to fifty millions.

Those are startling figures, but they present probabilities and prospects which present topies of the most serious reflection upon the cur

number of the London Quarterly Review con-tains an historical sketch of the remarkable rety four hours,) and give them exercise with- vival in Sweden, brief notices of which have been out the aid of gymnasiums. We can prom- given from time to time, and from which we compile the following:
Scarce any means have been employed be

But bless us, what's the use of talking? of the Scriptures. Owing to the peculiar regulation of the Lutheran Church, the Swedish New York laci is are no more like Western people were only acquainted with a small por women than a music box is like a sawing tion of the Bible, and thus it had the freshness machine, or a theatre like a railroad, or an opera like an agricultural fair. "Them's no account," said o'd Charlotte, as a half dozen of the former flaunted by—"them's trash. Hang'em with silk and ribbons these people is remarkable. Drinking has so de-creased that two-thirds of the distilleries have been closed since 1836. In the parishes ber dering on Russia, where nearly every man wa guilty of smuggling, hundreds of persons refund ed the duties of which they had defrauded the Government. Many sold their property to obtain the money, and others, who could no raise the sum at once, discharged the debt by instalments. The perplexed officers of customs laid the matter before the King, who decided that the proceeds should be distributed among the poor. The average number of lawsuits has decreased from 5,800 to three, four and six. In villages once remarkable for their profanity not an oath is heard, and the Bible and sermons have replaced low literature to such an extent, that the booksellers only keep religious works. The awakening has pervaded all classes, and is extending among the nobility and the wealthy.

Wiy is an invalid cured by sea-bathng like a confined criminal? Because he s sea-cured (secured).

Night brings out stars as sorrow shows us truths, we never see the stars till we can see little or naught else-and thus it is with truth.

Throw a piece of meat among bears and purse of gold among men, and which will behave most outrageously-the men or the beasts?

Lady Yarmouth asked Garriek one day why Love was always represented as a child? he was always acidulous to please his wife He replied. Ge a se love never reaches the age of wisdom and experience."

> "Why de landlord charged dis indiwidual (ESA Storme) BENJAMIN BANKIN. wid stealing de spoons."

"Ma, aunt Jane has been eating the honey, said an observing son. "How do you know, my dear?" asked the astonished mother. "Cause I heard father say he wanted to sip the honey from her lips," responded, the

The following is a copy of an advertise ment which appeared in a country paper " Made their escape, a husband's affections They disappeared immediately on seeing his wife with her hands and face unwashed at breakfast."

Question for Agassiz -Was it the gg or the chieken that first made its appearance on this terrestial globe? In other words did the first chicken come out of an egg, or did the first egg come out of a chick. en?—Boston Post.

An interesting discovery, namely the existence of native diamonds, has been made A glass of soda water was offered to a in Australia. The stone was discove red ecuntry lad, who rejected it with the great in the sand of the Ovens District by an est indignation. "Do you think I am a Irish miner. Rubies and other gems of salamander," said he, " to drink water boil- very small size had previously been found in the same deposit.

WOMAN'S MAR. JAGE .- To marry one man, while loving another and loved by another, is about the most grievous fault that a woman can commit. It is a sin against delicacy, against kindness and truth. It involves giving that to legal right which is guilty and shameful when given to any thing but reciprocal affection. It involves double treachery and a cruelty. It involves wounding the spirit, and withering the heart, perhaps blighting and soiling the the soul of the one who is abandoned and betrayed. It involves the speedy disen chantment of the one who is mocked by the shadow where he was promised the substance, and who grasps only the phantom oulless beauty and the husk, the shell, the skeleton of a dead affection. It entails ceaseless deception at home and abroad, by day and night, at our downsitting and our uprising-deception in every relation-depeption in the tenderest and most endearing noments of our existence. It makes the whole of life a weary, degrading, unrewarded life. A right-minded woman could scarcely lay a deeper sin upon her soul, or one more certain to tring down a fearful

TALC .- A mountain of pure tale exists in Cherokee County, North Carolina, West of Murphey. It is termed the "French by tailors who use it as a substitute for chalk. It is now extensively used in the manufacture of the fine soaps, and as an anti-frictionist on heavy machinery and wagons and carriages moistened with oil. In the vicinity of navigation this vast "formation" would be of great value in the arts but where it is the expenses of transportation would leave no profits to the miner and it must therefore remain unused until a dense population with accompanying factories encompass it .- Calonga Signal.

STATEMENT

F THE CONDITION OF THE HOME IN-SURANCE COMPANY, OF NEW YORK, ON THE FIRST DAY OF JULY, A. D., 1860, MADE TO THE COMPTROLLER OF THE STATE OF South Carolina, PURSUANT TO THE STATUTE OF

Name and Location. The name of this Company is the HOME I URANCE COMPANY, incorporated in 1855 nd located in the City of New York.

Capital-One Million Dollars! The Capital of the said Company actually paid up in eash is, \$1,000,000 00 he surplus on the 1st day of July, 1860,

Total amount of Capital and Surplus,
ASSETS.
Amount of Cash in Continental Bank, N. Y., Amount of Cash in hands of Agents, and in course of transmission, (balance,) mount in unincumbered Real Estate, No. 4 Wall Street, 65,689 00 Imount in United States Treasury 100,875 00 Notes, market value, - 1 Amount of Missouri State Bonds, 6 per cent., market value, mount of North Carolina Bonds, 6 per cent., market val.e, amount of Tennessee Bonds, 6 per cent., market value, Amount of Brooklyn City Water Bonds, 6 per cent., market value, 10,250 (st Amount of Bank Stocks, market Mortgages, being first lien of

record on unincumbered Real Estate, worth at least \$1,786,-800, and on which there is less 026,602 0: than one year's interest due and owing-rate of interest, 7 per Amount of Loans on Stocks and ets, payable on demand, the market value of securities pledged, \$126,050. mount due for Premiums on Policies issued at Office,

Amount of Bills receivable for premiums on Inland Navigation risks,

\$1,481,819 27 LIABILITIES. Amount of Losses adjusted, and due and unpaid, Amount of Losses incurred and in process of adjustment, - \$26,654 56
Amount of Losses reported, on
which no action has been taken, 15,835 06
Amount of Claims for Losses resisted by the Company, 11,579 11 Amount of Dividends declared and due and unpaid, - - None.

Amount of Dividends either eash or mount of Dividends control due, None. scrip, declared but not yet due, None. Amount of Money borrowed, Amount of all other existing claims against the Company, - . None.

Total amount of Losses, Claims, and Liabilities. - \$51,068 67 The greatest amount insured on any risk is \$30,000, but will not as a general rule exceed \$10,000.

The Company has no general rule as to the mount allowed to be insured in any city, town, village, or block, being governed in this matter, in each case, by the general character of build-ings, width of streets, facilities for putting out

An attested copy of the Charter or Act of Incorporation accompanied the statement of Jan-uary, 1860, and is now on file in the office of the Comptroller. -

STATE OF NEW YORK, CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, SS. (HARLES J. MARTIN, President, and J. MILTON SMITH, Secretary, of the HOME INSURANCE COMPANY, being severally sworn, depose and say, and each for himself says, that the foregoing is a true, full, and correct statement of the affairs of the said Corporate statement of ration, and that they are the above describ-

officers thereof.

(Signer:) CHARLES J. MARTIN. "Julius, why didn't you oblong your stay at de sea-side?" "Kase Mr. snow, dey charge too much." "How so, Julius?" "May be too much." "How so, Julius?" of July A. D., 1860. Witness my hand and the state of the state of the state of the state of the state. Sigs and)

> in New York, 106 Broadway, N. Y J.M. Elford, Agent, Augin SPARTANBURG, S. C. 22

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA SPARTANBURG DISTRICT. IN THE COURT OF ORDINARY.

John Murray, appl't., vs. Margaret Murray, and others, defendants. Petition for sale of Real Estate of Robert Mur ray, deceased.

T appearing to my satisfaction that Arthur Brawley, (if living,) and wife Nancy Jane Brawley, defendants in this case, reside without

the limits of this State: It is therefore ordered, That they do appear and object to the division or sale of the Real Estate of Robert Murray, deceased, on or before the 7th day of September next, or their consent to the same will be entered of record. Given under my band and seal of office, this 5th day of June, A. D., 1860.

J. EARLE BOMAR, o. s. D. 11 25 Young and Likely NEGROES FOR SME. Enquire at the

Spartanburg C. H., C. C. April 26-9-1f

Scrofula, or King's Evil,

is a constitutional disease, a corruption of the blood, by which this fluid becomes vitiated, teak, and poor. Being in the circulation, it pervades the whole body, and may burst out in disease on any part of it. No organ is free from its attacks, nor is there one which it may not destroy. The screenings that it is recorded. not destroy. The scrofulous taint is variously caused by mercurial disease, low living, disordered or unhealthy food, impure air, filth and filthy habits, the depressing vices, and, above all, by the venereal infection. Whatever be its origin, it is hereditary in the con-stitution, descending "from parents to children unto the third and fourth generation; "indeed, it seems to be the rod of Him who says, "I

will visit the iniquities of the fathers upon their children."

Its effects commence by deposition from the blood of corrupt or ulcerous matter, which, in the lungs, liver, and internal organs, is termed tubercles; in the glands, swellings; and on the surface crustians or sores. This faul corresponds to the surface or sores. the surface, cruptions or sores. This foul corruption, which genders in the blood, depresses the energies of life, so that scrofulous constitutions not only suffer from scrofulous com-plaints, but they have far less power to withstand the attacks of other diseases; consequently vast numbers perish by disorders which, although not scrofulous in their nature, are still rendered fatal by this taint in the system. Most of the consumption which de-cimates the human family has its origin directly in this scrofulous contamination; and many destructive diseases of the liver, kidneys, brain, and, indeed, of all the organs, arise from or

and, indeed, of all the organs, arise from or are aggravated by the same cause.

One quarter of all our people are scrofulous; their persons are invaded by this lurking in-fection, and their health is undermined by it. To cleanse it from the system we must renovate the blood by an alterative medicine, and in-vigorate it by healthy food and exercise. Such a medicine we supply in

AYERS Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla,

the most effectual remedy which the medical skill of our times can devise for this every-where prevailing and fatal malady. It is combined from the most active remedials that have been discovered for the expurgation of this foul disorder from the blood, and the rescue of th system from its destructive consequences. Hence it should be employed for the cure of not only Scrofula, but also those other affections which arise from it, such as ERUPTIVE and SKIN DISEASES, ST. ANTHONY'S FIRE, ROSE, OF ERYSIPPLAS, PIMPLES, PUSTULES, BLOTCHES, BLAINS and BOILS, TUMOUS, TETTER and SALT RHEUK, SCALD HEAD, RINGWORM, RHEUMATISM, SYPHILITIC and MERCURIAL DIS-EASES, DROPSY, DYSPEPSIA, DEBILITY, and, indeed, all Complaints arising from Vitlated on Impure Blood. The popular belief in "imparity of the blood" is founded in truth, for scrofula is a degeneration of the blood. The for scround is a acceleration of the mood. The particular purpose and virtue of this Sarsapa-rilla is to purify and regenerate this vital fluid, without which sound health is impossible in contaminated constitutions.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills, FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A FAMILY PHYSIC. are so composed that disease within the range of their action can rarely withstand or evade them.

their penetrating properties search, and cleanse, and invigorate every portion of the human organism, correcting its diseased action, and restoring its healthy vitalities. As a consequence of these properties, the invalid who is bowed down with pain or physical debility is astonished to find his health or energy restored by a remedy at once so simple and inviting.

health or energy restored by a remedy at once so simple and inviting.

Not only do they cure the every-day complaints of every body, but also many formidable and dangerous diseases. The agent below maned is pleased to furnish pratis my American Almanac, containing certificates of their cures and directions for their use in the following complaints: Costreeness, Hearthurn, Headache arraing from disordered Momach Names Indirection Para record Worked stomach, Nausca, Indigestion, Pain in and Morhad Isaation of the Bowels, Flottelency, Loss of Appetite, Jamuice, and other kindred complaints, arising from a low state of the body or obstruction

Aver's Cherry Pectoral. FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced stages of the

So wide is the field of its usefulness and so rumerous are the cases of its cures, that almost every section of country abounds in persons I libility known, who have been restored from alarmage and even desperate diseases of the lungs by its use. When once tried, its superiority over every other medicine of its kind is too apparent to escape observation, and where its virtues are known, the public no longer besitate what antidate to employ for the distressing and dangerous aftections of the pulmonary organs that are incident to our climate. While many inferior remedies thrust upon the community have failed and been discarded, this has gained frigids by every trial, conferred benefits on the afflicted they can never forget, and produced cures too numerous and too remarkable to be forgotten. be forgotten. PEEPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO. LOWELL, MASS.

D. I. & L. TWITTY, Spanishing B. F. BATES, Batesville, and by all Ding gists everywhere.

HAVILAND, STEVESON & CO. May 10 Charleston, Wholesale Agents

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA SAMUEL MORGAN, Attachment,

J. K. SMITH. Bobo, Edwards & Curlisle, Plff, An e-

WHEREAS the pleantiff did, on the 25th day of October, file his declaration against the defendant, who as it is said is absent to a and without the limits of this State, and has neither wife nor attorney known within the same upon whose a copy of the said declaration night be served:

It is therefore ordered. That the said defendant do appear and plead to the said declaration, on or before the 25th day of October pext. tion, on or before the 26th day of thetaler next, which will be in the year of our Landone thou and eight hundred and sixty otherwise final and absolute intigment will then be given and

awardel against him.

J. B. TOLLESON, C. C. P.

Oct. 27 35 45

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA. In the Court of Common Pleas. BENJAMIN R. CAMPBELL, Attachment.

PINCKNEY R. BORO. W HEREAS the plaintiff del, on the 22d day of November, ale his declaration against the defendant, who (as it is said) is absent from and without the limits of this State,

nd has neither wife nor attorney known with in the same upon whom a copy of the said de-claration might be served:

It is therefore ordered. That the said declara-tion, on or before the 25d day of November next, which will be in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty subsequen-

thousand eight hundred and sixty, otherwise final and absolute judgment will then be given and awarded against him. J. B. TOLLESON, Clerk.

HOUSTON'S Shaving Saloon, Palmetto House Basement,

Entrance on Church St., and from the House THIS Establishment, conducted by a practical BARBER, is now permanently located as above, and presents to the citizens of Spartanburg and its vicinity advantages never before offered. A call is solicited by C. J. HOUSTON, inter of Charleston

late of Charleston. 52 Gu Machinery Oil, FOR sale by PISHER & HEINITSH, Bills. Dyspeptic Remedy
Has the Largest Sale
Of any Medicine in the World.
Of

Sold In Georgia and SouthCarollus In Fourteen Months.

In Fourteen Months.

In Fourteen Months.

In Fourteen Months. In Fourteen Months.
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It is Warranted to Cure

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Any Case of Dy-pepsia
Liver Disease,

Liver Disease Janudice, Janudice, Janudice, Janudice, Janudice, Janudice, Janudice, Janutice

Jaundice,
Jaundice,
Jaundice,
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General Debility,
General Debility, General Debility. Paintestion,

Palpitation, Palpitation, Palpitation, Palpitation, Palpitation Palpitation, Palpitation, Palpitation, Chronic Diarrhoa, Chronic Diarrhoa,

Guldiness Giddiness, Giddiness, Giddiness, Giddiness, Giddiness, Giddiness, Giddiness, Giddiness, Depressed Spirits, Depressed Spirits, Depressed Spirits, Depressed Spirits, Depressed Spirits, Depressed Spirits,

Depressed Splitts, Loss of Appetite, Loss of Appetite,

Pain in Side and Back, Pain is Side and Back,

It is Especially Adapted to
It is Especially Adapted to Female Complaints: Female Complaints; Female Complaints;

Female Complaints;

It Produces Rotundity of Form
It Produces Total and Spare Habit
In Females of a Thin and Spare Habit

Every Invalid Should Try One Package.

Send a Postage Shamp to the Preprietors for their Pamphlet on "Discusses of Stormen and Bowels," W. W. BLISS & CO., Proprietors, For Sale in Spirtanburg by

DRUGGISTS AND MERCHANTS. 29 Notice.

Young's Store, Laurens, S. C., Sept 22 ly

DO hereby give notice that I will not be responsible for any debts that my wife ELIZA THOMPSON, or my daughter JANE THOMPSON, may centract in any way, unless compelled by law, as I have given notice time and again. HENLY THOMPSON.

T. O. P. VERNON, ATTORNEY AT LAW. WILL PRACTICE in the Western Circuit Office—West corner of Col. W. W. HARRIS' brick building, over the store of Camp & Cannon, and opposite the Palmetto House.

April 12 6 ly

J. M. Elford, MAGISTRATE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, AND SOLICITOR IN EQUITY,

AS removed his Office from Church Street to the office adjoining the Spartan Office, on the Public Square.

All business intrusted to his care will meet with prompt attention. Feb 3 49 SULLIVAN, ELFORD & WINSMITH,

HAVE associated themselves for the pur-pose of practising Law in the District of Spartanburg. Any business intrusted to their care will receive prompt attention. Office on the Public Square, adjoining the

SPARTAN OFFICE.
C. P. SULLIVAN, Laurens.
J. M. ELFORD, Spartanburg.
J. C. WINSMITH, Spartanburg.
Oct. 27 REED & DUNCAN.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW AND A T SPARTANBURG C. H. All business intrusted to them in Law and Equity will be promptly attended to Office next door to Hardy, Agnew & Co. April 1 ! D. R. DUNCAN 6

weight & Orr, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Office in Mai. Legg's Brick Building, next door to Bobo & Edwards' law office, up stairs,

Spartanburg, C. H. J. D. WRIGHT, JAR. L. Oun, Anderson C. H. Jan 3 Farrow & Whitner,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW. WILL practice in the Courts of Spartan burg and adjoining Districts. OFFICE AT SPARTANBURG C. H. Oct 21 45

A. T. Cavis, ATTORNEY AT LAW, W. ILI. PRACTICE in the Law Courts of the Western Circuit. Mr. C. may always be found at the office of the Carolina Spartan, Spartanburg C. H.

WILLIAM F. JONES. Attorney at Law. LENOIR, CALDWELL, CO N. C. W H.L. be in attendance at all of the Courts, both County and Superior, field at Columbus, Polk county, and at Hendersonville, Henderson county, N. C., and will attend promptly to all business intrusted to his care

in Western N. C. References. - Jas. Fattow, esq., Simpson Bobo, esq., John Bomar, esq., Spartauburg C H., S. C. March 1 52

William Lockwood. TAILOR. H AS removed to Rooms over Foster & Judd's, opposite the Court House. Thankat for past favors, he asks a liberal patronage for the future.

D. R. Hudson, PASHIONABLE TAILOR. WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of

Spartanburg that he has opened a SHOP in Brick Range, on Church Street, where he with their patronage. will be pleased to see all who may favor him R. D. Owen, FASHIONABLE TAILOR,

WOULD return his thanks for past favors e may be found over Hardy & Agnew Hardware Store. 45 Dr. Wm, T. Russel

WILL practice MEDICINE and SURGERY (in connection with DENTISTRY, at the Office) in Spartanburg and its vicinity. Office on Church Street, No. 2. Brick Range, up stairs, Residence at Dr L. C. Kennedy's. March 24 4 Dr. W. C. Bennett,

DENTIST, OFFICE with Dr. J. J. VERNON, over Office of Dawkins, Choice & Evins, Church Street, Brick Range, Sparfanburg C. 46

DR. L. C. KENNEDY AS RETURNED, and has resumed the HAS RETURNED, and has resume duties of his profession.

C. Bechtler & Son, WATCH MAKERS. A ND Manufacturers of Jewelry, Repairers of Clocks, Watches, &c. All work inusted to them will meet with promptness and despatch.

MATTRESSES. A T JOE'S BARBER SHOP, over Hardy's Hardware Store, can always be found a large lot of superior MATTRESSES, of all 100 "

sizes, made of excellent materials, and at moderate prices. The State of South Carolina. D. W. MOORE, Attachment. In the Court of Common Pleas.

J. K. SMITH.

Bobo, Edwards & Carlisle, Pl'ff. Att'y. W HEREAS the plaintiff did, on the 25th day of October, file his declaration against the defendant, who (as it is said) is absent from and without the limits of this State. and has neither wife nor attorney known with-in the same upon whom a copy of the said de-

claration might be served:
It is therefore ordered, That the said defendant do appear and plead to the said declaration, on or before the 25th day of October next, which will be in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty; otherwise final and absolute judgment will then be given and awarded against him.

J. B. TOLLESON, C. C. P.

Oer. 27 35 4q

35 STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA, In the Court of Common Pleas. D. I. & I., TWITTY, vs. E. M. LANE.

Reed, Vernon & Duncan, Pl'ff's Att'ry. W HEREAS the plaintiffs did, on the 16th day of April, file their declaration against the defendant, who (as it is said) is absent from and without the limits of this State, and has neither wife ner attorney known within the same upon whom a copy of the said declaration might

It is therefore ordered. That the said defendant do appear and plead to the said declara-tion, on or before the 17th day of April next, which will be in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one; otherwise final and absolute judgment will then be given and awarden against him.

J. B. TOLLESON, C. C. P.

Blanks! Blanks!!

FIL 31 LE AT THIS OFFICE.

WOOD, EDDY & CO. 8 DELAWARE AND MISSEURI STATE LOTTERIES.

CAPITAL PRIZE \$ 70,000! Wood, Eddy & Co., Managers.

The Managers' Office are located at Wilmington,
Delaware, and St. Louis, Missouri.
The following magnificent schemes will be drawn in public, under the Superintendence of Sworn Commissioners, appointed by the Government. ernor. Wood, Eddy & Co's Lettery,

CLASS No. 454. Draws on Saturday, September 22, 1860. 78 NUMBERS-13 DRAWN BALLOTS. 1 GRAND CAPITAL PRIZE OF

870,000!! \$40,000 | 100 Prizes of \$1,000 28,875 | 168 ... 10,000 65 " 6,000 65 " 4.000 1 65 - 4 3.000 65 4.810 4 2,500 4,810 4 27,040 4

32,396 Prizes amounting to \$1,171,950 NEARLY 1 PRIZE TO EVERY 2 TICKETS. Whole Tickets \$20; Haives \$10; Quarters \$5. Certificates of packages will be sold at the following rates, which is the risk: Certificate of package of 26 whole

" " 26 half 149 50 tickets " " 26 half 149 50 " " 26 quarter 74 75 " " 26 eighth 37 37

SPLENDID SCHEME! TO BE DRAWN EACH WEDNESDAY IN SEPTEMBER.

Class 424 draws September 5, 1860. Class 436 draws September, 12, 1860, Class 448 draws September 19, 1860. Class 460 draws September 26, 1860. NEARLY ONE PRIZE TO EVERY TWO TICKETS! 78 NUMBERS-14 DRAWN BALLOTS.

1 Capital Prize of \$35,000. Prize of \$10,000 " 4,500 2,327 9 1,000 5,504 205 11 150 28,221 84,412 Prizes Whole tickets \$10-Halves \$5-Quarters \$2.50.

to be drawn each Wednesday, will be sold at the following rates, which is the risk-Certificate of packages of 6 whale tiekets 141.00 "26 balf "76.50 "26 quarter "35.25 IN ORDERING TICKETS OR CERTIFICATES. Enclose the amount of money to our address for what you wish to purchase; name the Lot-tery in which you wish it invested, and wheth-

Certificates of packages in the above Scheme,

er you wish Halves, Wholes or Quarters, on re-ceipt of which we send what is ordered, by first mail, tegether with the scheme.
Imprediately after the drawing, a printed drawing, certified to by the Commissioners, will be sent, with an explanation.

Ber Purchasers will please write their signatures plain, and give their Post Offic, Coun-

and State. All communications strictly confidential. Bed All prizes of \$1,000 and under paid timmediately after the drawing—other prizes at the usual time of 40 shys.

Our Single Number Lotteries, Capital Prize \$50,000, draw every Saturday
Whole tickets \$10—Halves \$5—Quarters \$24.

Orders for Tickets or Certificates to be addressed to

dressed to WOOD, EDDY & CO., Wilmington, Del. or, WOOD, EDDY & CO., St. Louis, Missouri B-Q The drawings of Wood, Eddy, & Co.'s onth will be sent, free of expense, by address-

ing as above.

Lotteries are published in the New York Herald, New York Time, New Yorker Staats Zeitung and New York Express. August 23 25 LOOK ATTHIS! NO BLANKSIII

SEPTEMBER, 18601 GEORGIA STATE LOTTERY, Mckinney & Co., Managers. Authorized by special Act of the Legislature. EVERY TICKET A PRIZE.

GRAND ALL-PRIZE SCHEME FOR-

CAPITAL PRIZE \$69,000! Tickets Only 810. Halves, Quarters and Eighths in Proportion. To be drawn each Saturday in J860, in the city of Savannah, Georgia. Class 87, to be drawn September 1, 1860, Class 88, to be drawn September 8, 1860. Class 89, to be drawn September 15, 1860. Class 90, to be drawn September 22, 1860.

Class 91, to be drawn September 29, 1860 MAGNIFICENT SCHEME, 1 Prize of \$60,000 is \$60,000 10,000 is 10,000 9,000 is 5,000 is 5.009 4,000 is 3,000 S. (n) is 2,000 is 1.50m is 1.000 is 1,000 500 are 400 are 300 are 200 are 400 7,500

50 are 5,000 25,000 Prizes of 5,000 50,365 Prizes amounting to . . \$375,000 WILL BE DRAWN THIS MONTH. Certificates of Packages will be sold at the

following rates, which is the risk: Certificate of Packages 15 Whole Tickets \$80 THE GOLD MINE!! ALL PRIZES AND NO BLANKS ON

The Three Number Plan! Which takes place every Wednesday and Saturday in 1860. 78 NUMBERS-13 DRAWN BALLOTS!

1 prize of : : : \$25,000 1 Prize of : : : : 526,000 1 Prize of : : : : 4,000 1 Prize of : : : : 9,276 40 Prizes of 175 are : : 7,000 0 Prizes of 175 are : : 5,000 40 Prize of 125 are : 5,000 40 Prizes of 112.50 are 4.500 162 Prizes of 100 are 65 Prizes of 25 are : 65 Prizes of 20 are 65 Prizes of 15 are : 1,625 975 650 65 Prizes of 10 are 4,810 Prizes of 0 are : 27,040 Prizes of 5 are 48,290 135,200 43,680

76,076 Prizes amounting to \$296,696,00 WHOLE TICKETS \$5. SHARES IN PROPORTION IN ORDERING TICKETS OR CERTIFICATES. Enclose the money to our address for the tickets ordered, on receipt of which they will

signate.
The list of drawn numbers and prizes will be sent to purchasers immediately after the draw-

ing.
All communications strictly confidential. Orders for Tickets or Certificates, by Mail or Express, to be directed to

MoKINNEY & Co., Savannah, Ga 25 Augsut 28